

STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS

FOR

STABILIZATION

TO

NAVARRO INN

NAVARRO RIVER REDWOODS STATE PARK

MENDOCINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA



5/16/2011

FULCRUM STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

665 THIRD ST, STE 333
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107
415.543.0161

1.1/17

LOAD TABLE 08-37: NAVARRO INN

All materials will be redwood, unless otherwise note.

FLOOR

	JOISTS	BEAMS
FLOOR FINISH (RED WOOD)	2.5	2.5
1x T&G D.F.	3.0	3.0
2x @ 16" O.C.	2.2	2.2
INSULATION	1.8	1.8
1x WOOD	3.0	3.0
BEAM	-	-
MISCELLENEOUS	1.5	1.5

TOTAL	DL	14.0	14.0	(psf)
	LL	40.0	-	(psf)

WALLS

	EXTERIOR WALL	INTERIOR WALL
WALL FINISH	2.0	-
1" VERT WD	3.0	-
1x BEAD BOARD	3.0	3.0
STUDS 2X4 @ 16"	1.1	1.1
INSULATION	0.5 1.8	-
MISCELLENEOUS	1.3	1.9

TOTAL	12.0	6.0	DL (psf)
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10

PARTITION WALL
 $\frac{3}{4}$ " RED WOOD = 2 psf.
 (3) 2X3 = 0.3 psf.

 2.5 psf.



Job No.: 08-37

By: HZ

Date: 9/10/08

1.2

Name : NAVARRO IAN

Chk:

Date:

13

PARTITION WALL

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4}'' \text{ RED WOOD} &= 2 \text{ psf} \\ (3) 2 \times 3 &= 0.3 \text{ psf} \\ \hline &2.5 \text{ psf} \end{aligned}$$

TOTAL PARTITION WALL @ 2nd FLOOR, L = 15' X 12' = 180'

$$\text{WT OF PARTITION WALL} = 180' \times 9' \times 2.5 \text{ psf} = 4050 \#$$

$$\text{FLOOR AREA} = 50' \times 27.5' = 1375 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{WALL DL} = 4050 \# / 1375 \text{ ft}^2 = 3 \text{ psf}$$

1.3/13

PROJECT : NAVARRO INN
 ENGR : HZ

JOB #: 08-37
 DATE: 8/14/2008
 SHEET:

Design Load Table -

ROOF PITCH = 10.8 : 12

* MULTIPLIER FOR SLOPED
 ROOF 1.35

DEAD LOAD		PLY		RAFTERS		TRUSS WEBS		CLG JOIST		SEISMIC	
		flat	sloped	flat	sloped	flat	sloped	flat	sloped	flat	sloped
ROOFING	(psf)	6.0	8.1	6.0	8.1	6.0	8.1			6.0	8.1
PLY	(psf)	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.5			1.1	1.5
SKIP SHEATHING	(psf)	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.6			1.2	1.6
MISC	(psf)	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.7			0.5	0.7
RAFTERS	(psf)			1.1	1.5	1.1	1.5			1.1	1.5
TRUSS WEBS	(psf)					0.0	0.0			0.0	0.0
CEILING JOISTS	(psf)							1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
INSULATION	(psf)							1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
3/8" PLY	(psf)							0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISC	(psf)							0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
TOTAL DEAD LOAD	(psf)	8.8	11.8	9.9	13.3	9.9	13.3	3.7	3.7	13.6	17.0
LIVE LOAD	(psf)	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16

Notes:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

SEISMIC

FROM SOIL REPORT, THE SITE LATITUDE IS 29.19

LONGITUDE IS -123.76, SITE CLASS C, $S_s = 1.5819$

$$F_a = 1.0, F_v = 1.3$$

$$S_{ms} = F_a S_s = 1.581 \quad S_{ps} = 2/3 S_{ms} = 1.054$$

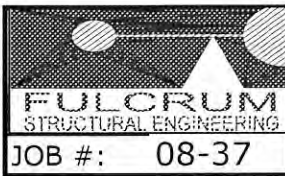
$$C_s = S_{ps} / (R/I) = \frac{1.054}{(6.5/1)} = 0.162$$

(SEE PRECEDING PAGE)

$$V = C_s W = 0.162 (78 \text{ k}) = 12.6 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{ASD} : 0.7 \times 12.6 = 8.8 \text{ k}$$

$$75\% \text{ OF CODE SEISMIC} \Rightarrow 0.75 \times 8.8 \text{ k} = 6.6 \text{ k}$$



PROJECT: NAVARRO INN	PAGE 1.5	OF 12
	BY/DATE:	12/16/2008
JOB #: 08-37	CK/DATE:	

Seismic Base Shear Coefficient

Applicable Building Code: 2007 California Building Code/2006 International Building Code

w/ references to ASCE 7-05

Earthquake Load: $E = E_h + E_v = r Q_E + 0.2 S_{DS} D$ eqtn 12.4-1

Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure

Earthquake Load (Base Shear): $Q = V = C_s * W$ eqtn 12.8-1

$C_s = (S_{DS} * I / R)$ eqtn 12.8-2

Soil site class type = C

Lateral resisting structure type = All other structural systems

Redundancy Factor, $\rho = 1.00$ Section 12.3.4

Importance Factor, $I = 1.00$ Table 11.5-1

Response Modification Coefficient, $R = 4.0$ Table 12.2-1

Building Height, $h_n = 30$

Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_s = 1.581$ USGS Hazmaps

Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_1 = 0.817$ USGS Hazmaps

MCE Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_{MS} = F_a \times S_s = 1.00 \times 1.581 = 1.581$ eqtn 11.4-1

MCE Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_{M1} = F_v \times S_1 = 1.30 \times 0.817 = 1.062$ eqtn 11.4-2

Design spectral acceleration, $S_{DS} = 2/3 \times S_{MS} = 2/3 \times 1.581 = 1.054$ eqtn 11.4-3

Design spectral acceleration, $S_{D1} = 2/3 \times S_{M1} = 2/3 \times 1.062 = 0.708$ eqtn 11.4-4

Vertical effect, $E_v = 0.2 \times 1.054 \times DL = 0.211DL$ eqtn 12.4-4

Approximate Fundamental Period, $T_a = C_t \times h_n^{.75} = 0.02 \times 30.0 \text{ ft}^{.75} = 0.26 \text{ sec}$ eqtn 12.8-7

$T_o = 0.2 \times S_{D1} / S_{DS} = 0.2 \times 0.708 / 1.054 = 0.13 \text{ sec}$ Sect 11.4.5

$T_s = S_{D1} / S_{DS} = 0.708 / 1.054 = 0.67 \text{ sec}$ Sect 11.4.5

Long Period, $T_L = 8.00 \text{ sec}$ Figure 22-15

Base Shear, $Q_E = (1.05 \times 1.00 / 4.0) \times W = 0.264W$ eqtn 12.8-1

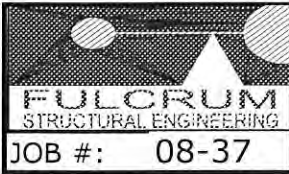
Max Base Shear, $Q_E = 0.71 / [0.26 \times (4.00 / 1.00)] = 0.690W$ eqtn 12.8-3

Min Base Shear, $Q_E = .01W$ eqtn 12.8-5

Min Base Shear, $Q_E = 0.5 \times 0.817 / (4.0 / 1.00) = 0.102W$ eqtn 12.8-6

Governing Value, $Q_E = 0.264 W$ (@ Strength)

$\rho Q_E = 0.264 W$ (@ Strength)

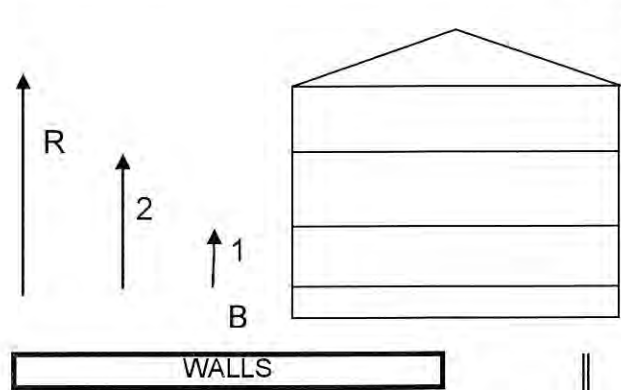


PROJECT: NAVARRO INN	PAGE 1.6	OF 15
	BY/DATE:	12/16/2008
JOB #: 08-37	CK/DATE:	

Vertical Distribution of Seismic Base Shear

Applicable Building Code: 2007 California Building Code/2006 International Building Code
w/ references to ASCE 7-05

Applicable Equation: $F_x = C_{vx} V$ (12.8-11)
USE 75% OF THE CODE SEISMIC LOADS



Total Design Base Shear (V) = 10237 lbs (@ ASD)
k = 1.00

d_r
 d_2
 d_m

Top of Concrete

WALLS

DIAPHRAGMS

Level	h_x (ft)	Lumped Weight Including Walls		$F_x =$ $\frac{V(W_x h_x^k)}{\sum(W_x h_x^k)}$ (lbs)	Diaphragm Weight w_{dx}^{**} (lbs)	$F_{dx(12.10-1)} =$ $\frac{(\sum F_{x\&up}) w_{dx}}{(\sum W_{x\&up})}$ (lbs)	$F_{dx(MIN)} =$ $.2 S_{DS} I W_{px}$ (lbs)	$F_{dx(MAX)} =$ $.4 S_{DS} I W_{px}$ (lbs)	$F_{dx(GOV)}^{*} =$ (lbs)
		W_x (lbs)	$W_x h_x^k$ (lbs)						
Roof	22.00	30000	660000	5687	30000	5687	6324	12648	6324
3rd Flr	12.00	44000	528000	4550	44000	6087	9275	18550	9275
	$\Sigma =$	74000	1188000	10237					

* NOTE: The governing force on the diaphragm shown does not include any off-center intermediate shear wall loads from above.

** NOTE: The diaphragm weight shown does not have any wall weights subtracted out (reasonable for wood-framed residential). For masonry structures, subtract out wall weight parallel to loading direction to avoid excessive conservatism (i.e. only walls perpendicular to the loading direction need to be included here)

1-7/13

- Part 8 - California Historical Building Code
 - Section 8-812, Table 8-8A & Table 8-8B (Missing tables from July publication)

Chapter 8-8, Section 8-812

Table 8-8A ALLOWABLE VALUES FOR EXISTING MATERIALS

EXISTING MATERIALS OR CONFIGURATIONS OF MATERIALS ¹	ALLOWABLE VALUES
	x14.594 for N/m
1. Horizontal diaphragms ²	
1.1 Roofs with straight sheathing and roofing applied directly to the sheathing	100 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
1.2 Roofs with diagonal sheathing and roofing applied directly to the sheathing	250 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
1.3 Floors with straight tongue-and-groove sheathing	100 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
1.4 Floors with straight sheathing and finished wood flooring with board edges offset or perpendicular	500 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
1.5 Floors with diagonal sheathing and finished	600 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
2. Crosswalls ^{2,3}	
2.1 Plaster on wood or metal lath	Per side: 200 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
2.2 Plaster on gypsum lath	175 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
2.3 Gypsum wallboard, unblocked edges	75 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
2.4 Gypsum wallboard, blocked edges	125 lbs. Per foot for seismic shear
Existing footings, wood framing, structural steel and reinforced steel	$f'_c=1,500$ psi (10.34 MPa) unless otherwise shown by tests ⁴
3.1 Plain concrete footings	Allowable stress same as D.F. No. 1 ⁴
3.2 Douglas fir wood	$f_t=18,000$ lbs. Per square inch (124.1 M/mm ²) maximum
3.2 Reinforcing steel	$f_t=200.00$ lbs. Per square inch (137.9 N/mm ²) maximum ⁴
3.4 Structural steel	

¹Material must be sound and in good condition.

²A one-third increase in allowable stress is not allowed.

³Shear values of these materials may be combined, except the total combined value shall not exceed 300 pounds per foot (4380 N/m).

⁴Stresses given may be increased for combinations of loads as specified in the regular code.

Table 8-8B ALLOWABLE VALUES OF NEW MATERIALS USED IN CONNECTION WITH EXISTING CONSTRUCTION

NEW MATERIALS OR CONFIGURATIONS OF MATERIALS	ALLOWABLE VALUES ¹
1. Horizontal diaphragms ²	
Plywood sheathing nailed directly over existing straight sheathing with ends of plywood sheets bearing on joists or rafters and edges of ply- wood located on center of individual sheathing boards	225 lbs. Per foot (3283 N/m)
Plywood sheathing nailed directly over existing diagonal sheathing with ends of plywood sheets bearing on joists or rafters	375 lbs. Per foot (5473 N/m)
1.3 Plywood sheathing nailed directly over existing straight or diagonal sheathing with ends of ply- wood sheets bearing on joists or rafters with edges of plywood located over new blocking and nailed to provide a minimum nail penetration	75 percent of the values specified in the regular code

(415) 254-1051

LATERAL DESIGN

DESIGN FOR (E) VERT SHTRC
AT ROOF

CAP, $V = 100 \#$ ← SEE SECTION 8-8
TABLE 8-6A OF CBC,
ATTACHED

$V = 5687 \#$ ← SEE VERT DESIG SHTR

- REDUCE FOR $R = 6.5$, SEE PREVIOUS
PAGE FOR EXPLANATION

$$V = 5687 + 4/6.5$$

$$= 3500 \#$$

ROOF

N/S

CL (C)

$$V = 3500 / 2 = 1750 \#$$

$$V = 1750 / (8 + 8 + 2 + 2)$$

$$= 87.5 \# < 100 \#$$

∴ (E) SHTRC OK

CL (A)

$$V = 1750 \#$$

$$V = 1750 / (8 + 6.5 + 7)$$

$$= 81 \# < 100 \#$$

∴ (E) SHTRC OK

LATERAL DESIGN CONT

ROOF

E/W

CL (2)

$$V = 3500 / 2 = 1750 \#$$

$$V = 1750 / (7 + 5 + 5 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 3) = 55 \#$$

CL (4)

$$V = 1750 \#$$

$$V = 1750 / (7 + 5 + 5 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 3) = 55 \#$$

1st FLR

- USE LOADING BASED ON R=4

N/S

CL (A)

$$V = 10.24 \# / 4 = 2.56 \#$$

- ASSUME (2) FLAT STRAP BRACE FROM

$$V = 2.56 / 2 = \underline{1.3 \#}$$

$$T_{OT} = 1.3 \# \times 9 / 6 = 1950 \#$$

USE 1HPUC

LATERAL DESIGN CONT

2nd FLR

N/S

WL (B)

$$V = 10.24 / 2 = 5.12^k$$

$$v = 5.12 / 11' = 465$$

USE 10-3 PLY SW

$$OT = 465 \times 9' = 4.19^k$$

USE HDUS

WL (C)

$$V = 10.24 / 4 = 2.56^k$$

USE SSW 24x9

$$CAP = 3586 > 2560$$

E/W

WL (2)

$$V = 10.24 / 4 = 2.56$$

USE SSW 24x9

WL (3)

$$V = 10.24 / 2 = 5.12^k$$

$$v = 5.12 / 11' = 465^k$$

USE 10-3 W/ HDUS

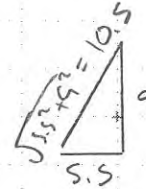
WL (4)

$$V = 10.24 / 4 = 2.56^k$$

USE (2) FLAT STRAP
BRACED FRMS

OR USE 2 SSW 24x9

FLAT STRAP FRM



$$P = 1500 \# @ ASD$$



$$T = 1500 \times 10.5 / 5.5$$

$$= 2863 \#$$

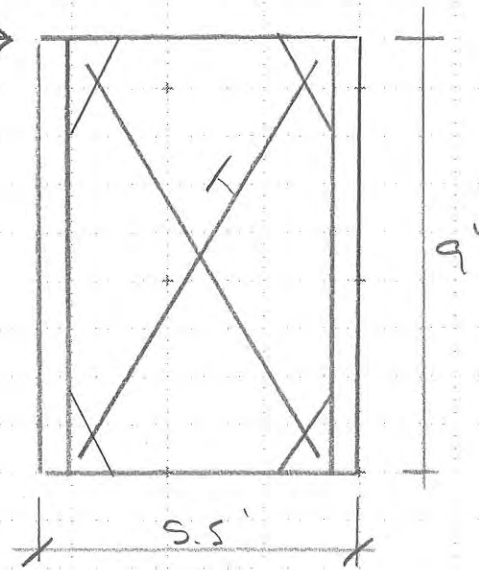
$$A_{BRACE} = \frac{2863}{30,000 \times 0.6}$$

$$= 0.16 \text{ in}^2$$

- USE 14GA STRAP

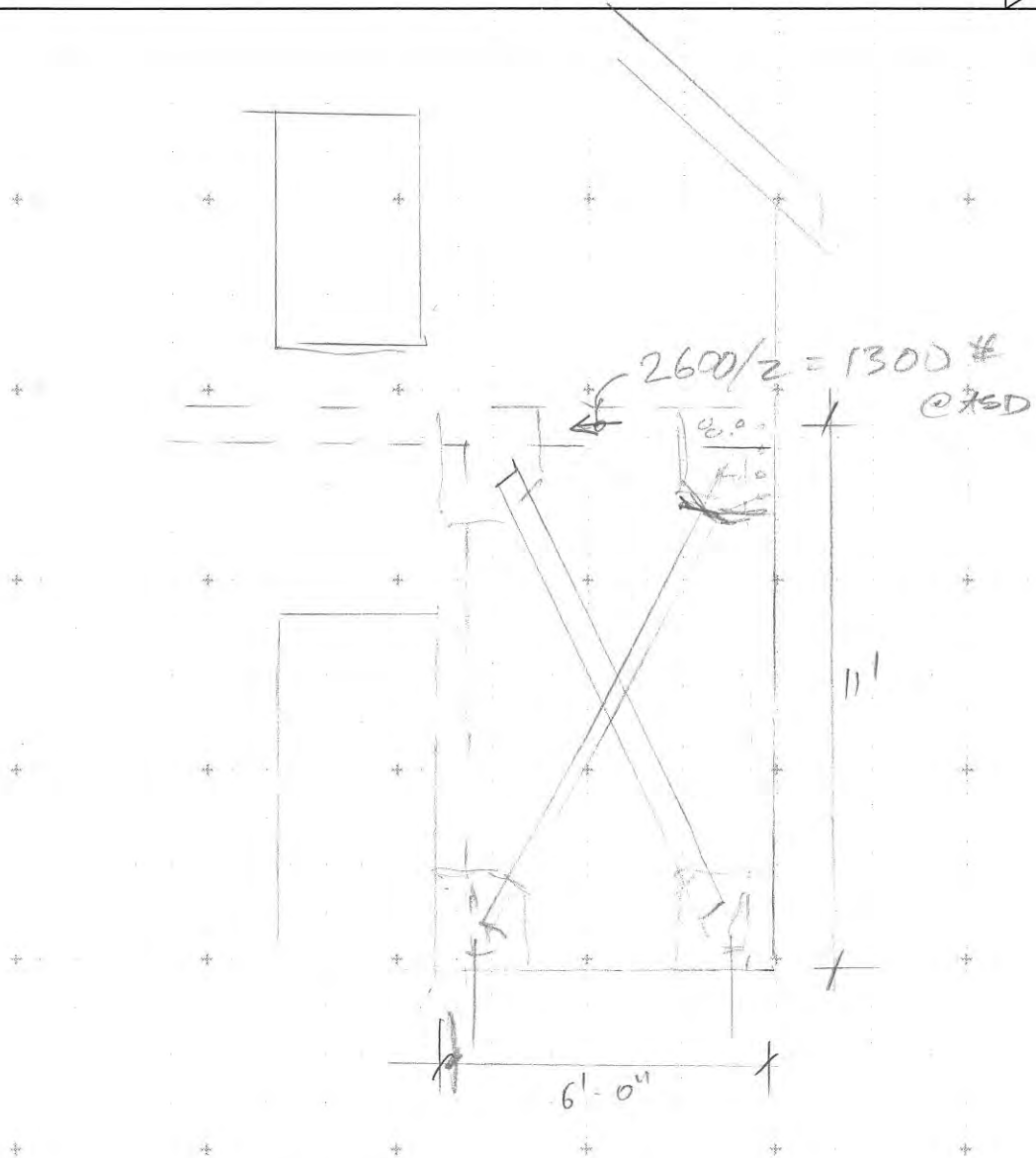
$$\text{WIDTH} = 0.16 / 0.75$$

$$= 2.13$$



MAKE STRAP 14 GA x 3" WIDE

DESIGN WELD



$$\text{DIAG. LENGTH} = \frac{(6^2 + 11^2)^{1/2}}{2} = 12.53'$$

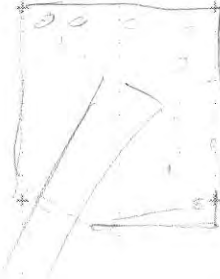
$$T_{\text{STRAP}} = 1300 \# \times \frac{12.53}{6} = 2,714 \#$$

SAY SS, $F_y = 30 \text{ ksi}$

$$A \geq \frac{2,714 \#}{30 \times 0.60} \geq 0.151 \text{ in}^2 \Rightarrow 3" \times 0.05" \Rightarrow 3" \times 16 \text{ GA} \approx 0.0635$$

SDS @ GUSSET

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOAD @ DIA} &= 2714^{\#} \times 2.0 \\ &= 5428^{\#} \end{aligned}$$

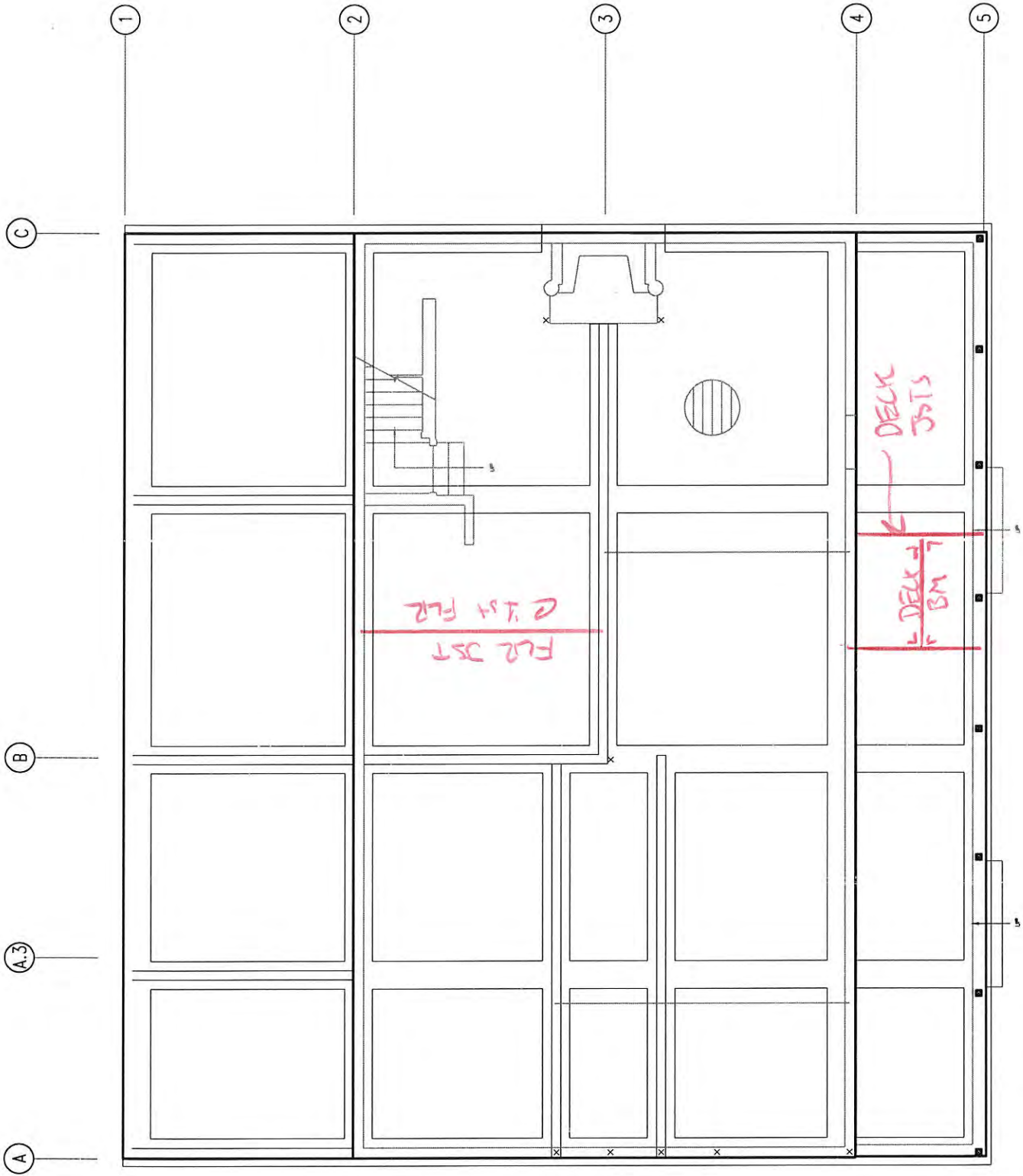


$$V_{\text{HORIZ}} = \frac{5428^{\#} \times 6}{12.53} = \frac{2600^{\#}}{250 \times 1.33} = 8 \text{ SDS}$$

$$V_{\text{VERT}} = \frac{5428^{\#} \times 11}{12.53} = \frac{4765^{\#}}{250 \times 1.33} = 14 \text{ SDS}$$

VERTICAL CALCULATION

2.1/7



A

A.3

B

C

1

2

3

4

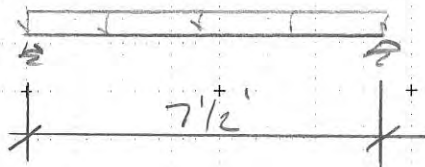
5

2.9

BEAMS

FND

DECK BSM

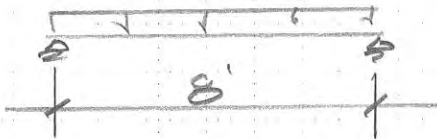


$$W_D = 10 \text{ pst} (8') = 80 \text{ #/l.}$$

$$W_L = 40 \text{ pst} (8') = 320 \text{ #/l.}$$

USE 4x8 @ 8'-0" OC
SEE COMP PRINTOUT

DECK JSITS



$$W_D = 3 \text{ pst} \times 16/12 = 11 \text{ #/l.}$$

$$W_L = 150 \text{ pst} \times 16/12 = 133 \text{ #/l.}$$

USE 2x8 DF #1 @ 16
SEE COMP PRINTOUT

Title :
 Dsgnr:
 Description :

Job #
 Date: 9:22AM, 11 AUG 09

23/7

Scope :

Rev: 580006
 User: KW-0606676, Ver 5.8.0, 1-Dec-2003
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Timber Beam & Joist

Page 1
 08-37.ecw Calculations

Description FRONT DECK

Timber Member Information Code Ref: 1997/2001 NDS, 2000/2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000. Base allowables are user defined

		DECK BM	DECK JSTS	
Timber Section		4x8	2x8	
Beam Width	in	3.500	1.500	
Beam Depth	in	7.250	7.250	
Le: Unbraced Length	ft	0.00	0.00	
Timber Grade		Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1	Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1	Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1
Fb - Basic Allow	psi	1,000.0	1,000.0	
Fv - Basic Allow	psi	180.0	180.0	
Elastic Modulus	ksi	1,700.0	1,700.0	
Load Duration Factor		1.000	1.000	
Member Type		Sawn	Sawn	
Repetitive Status		No	Repetitive	

Center Span Data

Span	ft	7.50	8.00
Dead Load	#/ft	80.00	11.00
Live Load	#/ft	320.00	133.00

Cantilever Span

Span	ft		1.50
Uniform Dead Load	#/ft		16.00
Uniform Live Load	#/ft		
Point #1 DL	lbs		
LL	lbs		150.00
@ X	ft		1.500

Results

Ratio = 0.8467 0.7623

Mmax @ Center	in-k	33.75	13.82
@ X =	ft	3.75	4.00
Mmax @ Cantilever	in-k	0.00	0.00
fb : Actual	psi	1,100.7	1,052.0
Fb : Allowable	psi	1,300.0	1,380.0
		Bending OK	Bending OK
fv : Actual	psi	74.5	68.0
Fv : Allowable	psi	180.0	180.0
		Shear OK	Shear OK

Reactions

@ Left End DL	lbs	300.00	44.00
LL	lbs	1,200.00	532.00
Max. DL+LL	lbs	1,500.00	576.00
@ Right End DL	lbs	300.00	44.00
LL	lbs	1,200.00	532.00
Max. DL+LL	lbs	1,500.00	576.00

Deflections

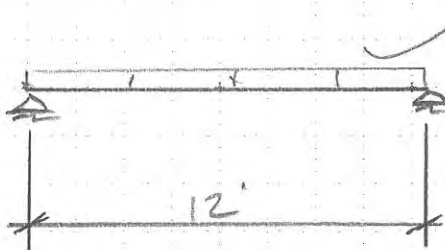
Deflection OK Deflection OK

Center DL Defl	in	-0.030	-0.013
L/Defl Ratio		2,986.0	7,668.7
Center LL Defl	in	-0.121	-0.151
L/Defl Ratio		746.5	634.3
Center Total Defl	in	-0.151	-0.164
Location	ft	3.750	4.000
L/Defl Ratio		597.2	585.8
Cantilever DL Defl	in		0.000
Cantilever LL Defl	in		0.000
Total Cant. Defl	in		0.000
L/Defl Ratio			0.0

FLR JSTS

FLR JOIST @ 1st FLR

- ASSUME LL = 100 psf FOR ASSEMBLY LOADING
 & MATCH CEILING 3 1/2" x 7 1/4" DF FLR JOIST



$W_D = 14 \text{ psf} \times 20' / 12" = 23 \# / \text{ft}$
 $W_L = 100 \text{ psf} \times 20' / 12" = 167 \# / \text{ft}$

USE 3 1/2" x 7 1/4" DF #1

FLR JOIST @ 20" OC

SEE COMP ORIENTATION

Title :
 Dsgnr:
 Description :

Job #
 Date: 5:14PM, 16 DEC 08

2.5/7

Scope :

Rev: 580006
 User: KW-0606676, Ver 5.8.0, 1-Dec-2003
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Timber Beam & Joist

Page 1
 08-37.ecw Calculations

Description Floor Joists

Timber Member Information Code Ref: 1997/2001 NDS, 2000/2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000. Base allowables are user defined

Floor Joist

Timber Section		4x8
Beam Width	in	3.500
Beam Depth	in	7.250
Le: Unbraced Length	ft	0.00
Timber Grade		Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1
Fb - Basic Allow	psi	1,000.0
Fv - Basic Allow	psi	180.0
Elastic Modulus	ksi	1,700.0
Load Duration Factor		1.000
Member Type		Sawn
Repetitive Status		Repetitive

Center Span Data

Span	ft	12.00
Dead Load	#/ft	23.00
Live Load	#/ft	167.00

Results Ratio = 0.8953

Mmax @ Center	in-k	41.04
@ X =	ft	6.00
fb : Actual	psi	1,338.5
Fb : Allowable	psi	1,495.0
		Bending OK
fv : Actual	psi	60.9
Fv : Allowable	psi	180.0
		Shear OK

Reactions

@ Left End	DL	lbs	138.00
	LL	lbs	1,002.00
	Max. DL+LL	lbs	1,140.00
@ Right End	DL	lbs	138.00
	LL	lbs	1,002.00
	Max. DL+LL	lbs	1,140.00

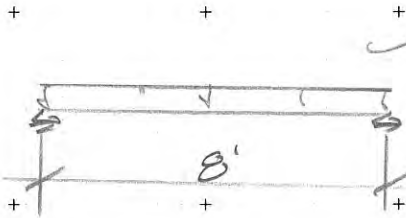
Deflections

Deflection OK

Center DL Defl	in	-0.057
L/Defl Ratio		2,535.6
Center LL Defl	in	-0.412
L/Defl Ratio		349.2
Center Total Defl	in	-0.469
Location	ft	6.000
L/Defl Ratio		306.9

BEAMS @ PORCH

PORCH HDR + + + +

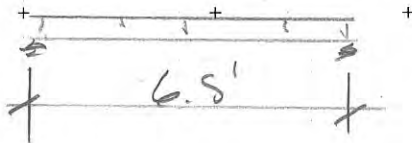


$$W_D = 12 \text{ psf} (1.5 + 6.5/2) = 57 \#/l$$

$$W_L = 20 \text{ psf} (1.5 + 6.5/2) = 95 \#/l$$

USE FLAT 4x6 DF, SS
SEE COMP PRINTOUT

PORCH RAFTERS + + + +



$$W_D = 12 \text{ psf} (16/12) = 16 \#/l$$

$$W_L = 20 \text{ psf} (16/12) = 27 \#/l$$

USE 2x4 DF #1 @ 16"
SEE COMP PRINTOUT

Title :
 Dsgnr:
 Description :

Job #
 Date: 4:34PM, 5 AUG 09

2-7/7

Scope :

Rev: 580006
 User: KW-0606676, Ver 5.8.0, 1-Dec-2003
 (c)1983-2003 ENERCALC Engineering Software

Timber Beam & Joist

Page 1
 08-37.ecw Calculations

Description FRONT DECK

Timber Member Information Code Ref: 1997/2001 NDS, 2000/2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000. Base allowables are user defined

		DECK BM	PORCH HDR	RAFTERS
Timber Section		4x8	4x4	2x4
Beam Width	in	3.500	5.500	1.500
Beam Depth	in	7.250	3.500	2.750
Le: Unbraced Length	ft	0.00	0.00	0.00
Timber Grade		Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1	Douglas Fir - Larch, Select	Douglas Fir - Larch, No.1
Fb - Basic Allow	psi	1,000.0	1,500.0	1,000.0
Fv - Basic Allow	psi	180.0	180.0	180.0
Elastic Modulus	ksi	1,700.0	1,900.0	1,700.0
Load Duration Factor		1.000	1.250	1.250
Member Type		Sawn	Sawn	Sawn
Repetitive Status		No	No	Repetitive

Center Span Data

Span	ft	7.50	8.00	6.50
Dead Load	#/ft	80.00	57.00	16.00
Live Load	#/ft	320.00	95.00	27.00

Cantilever Span

Span	ft			1.50
Uniform Dead Load	#/ft			16.00
Uniform Live Load	#/ft			
Point #1 DL	lbs			
LL	lbs			150.00
@ X	ft			1.500

Results

	Ratio =	0.8467	0.6931	0.7153
Mmax @ Center	in-k	33.75	14.59	2.62
@ X =	ft	3.75	4.00	3.20
Mmax @ Cantilever	in-k	0.00	0.00	-2.92
fb : Actual	psi	1,100.7	1,299.5	1,542.3
Fb : Allowable	psi	1,300.0	1,875.0	2,156.3
		Bending OK	Bending OK	Bending OK
fv : Actual	psi	74.5	44.0	62.1
Fv : Allowable	psi	180.0	225.0	225.0
		Shear OK	Shear OK	Shear OK

Reactions

@ Left End DL	lbs	300.00	228.00	49.23
LL	lbs	1,200.00	380.00	87.75
Max. DL+LL	lbs	1,500.00	608.00	136.98
@ Right End DL	lbs	300.00	228.00	78.77
LL	lbs	1,200.00	380.00	272.37
Max. DL+LL	lbs	1,500.00	608.00	351.13

Deflections

		Deflection OK	Deflection OK	Ratio > 240 !
Center DL Defl	in	-0.030	-0.141	-0.127
L/Defl Ratio		2,986.0	682.3	614.7
Center LL Defl	in	-0.121	-0.234	-0.245
L/Defl Ratio		746.5	409.4	317.9
Center Total Defl	in	-0.151	-0.375	-0.372
Location	ft	3.750	4.000	3.224
L/Defl Ratio		597.2	255.9	209.6
Cantilever DL Defl	in			0.080
Cantilever LL Defl	in			-0.171
Total Cant. Defl	in			-0.091
L/Defl Ratio				397.7

LOADING ON GRID LINES &

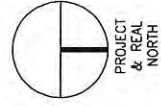
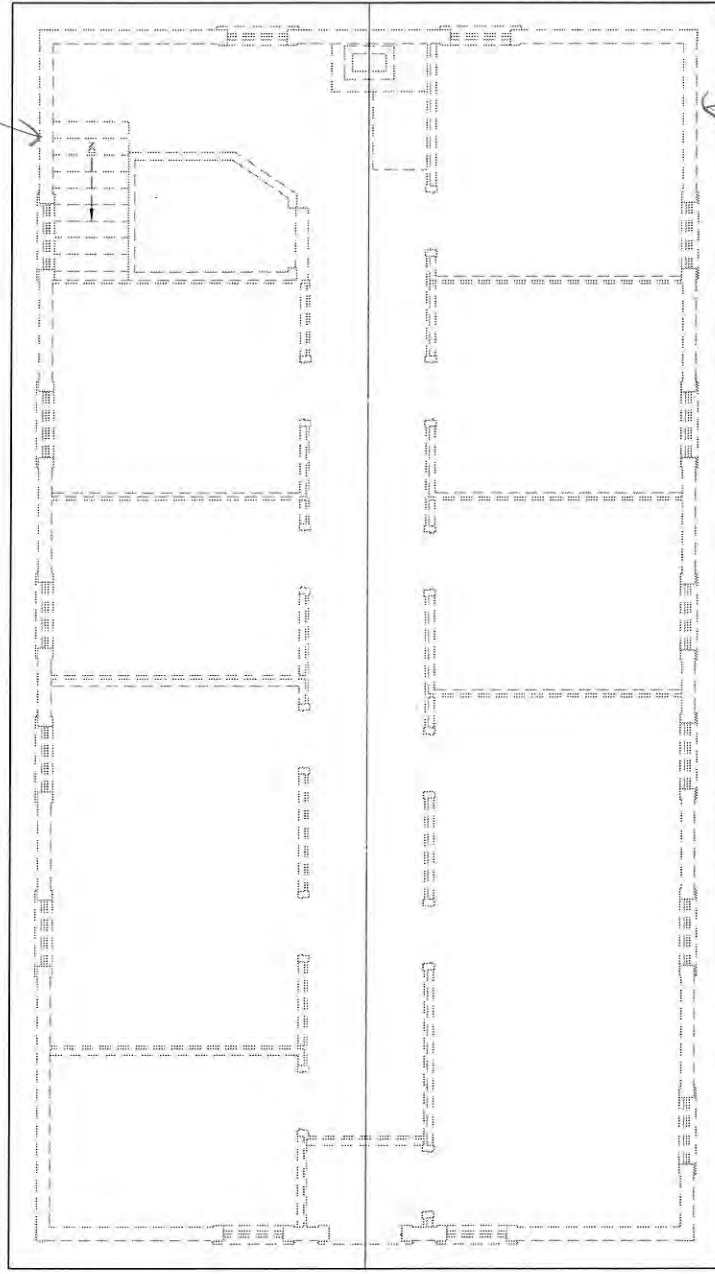
RETAINING WALL CALC.

Roof DL
 $W_{DL} = 17 \text{ PSF} (15') = 108$

$W_{LL} = 20 \text{ PSF} (15') = 300 \text{ PLF}$

$W_{DL} = 108 \text{ PLF}$
 $W_{LL} = 300 \text{ PLF}$

3.1
/17



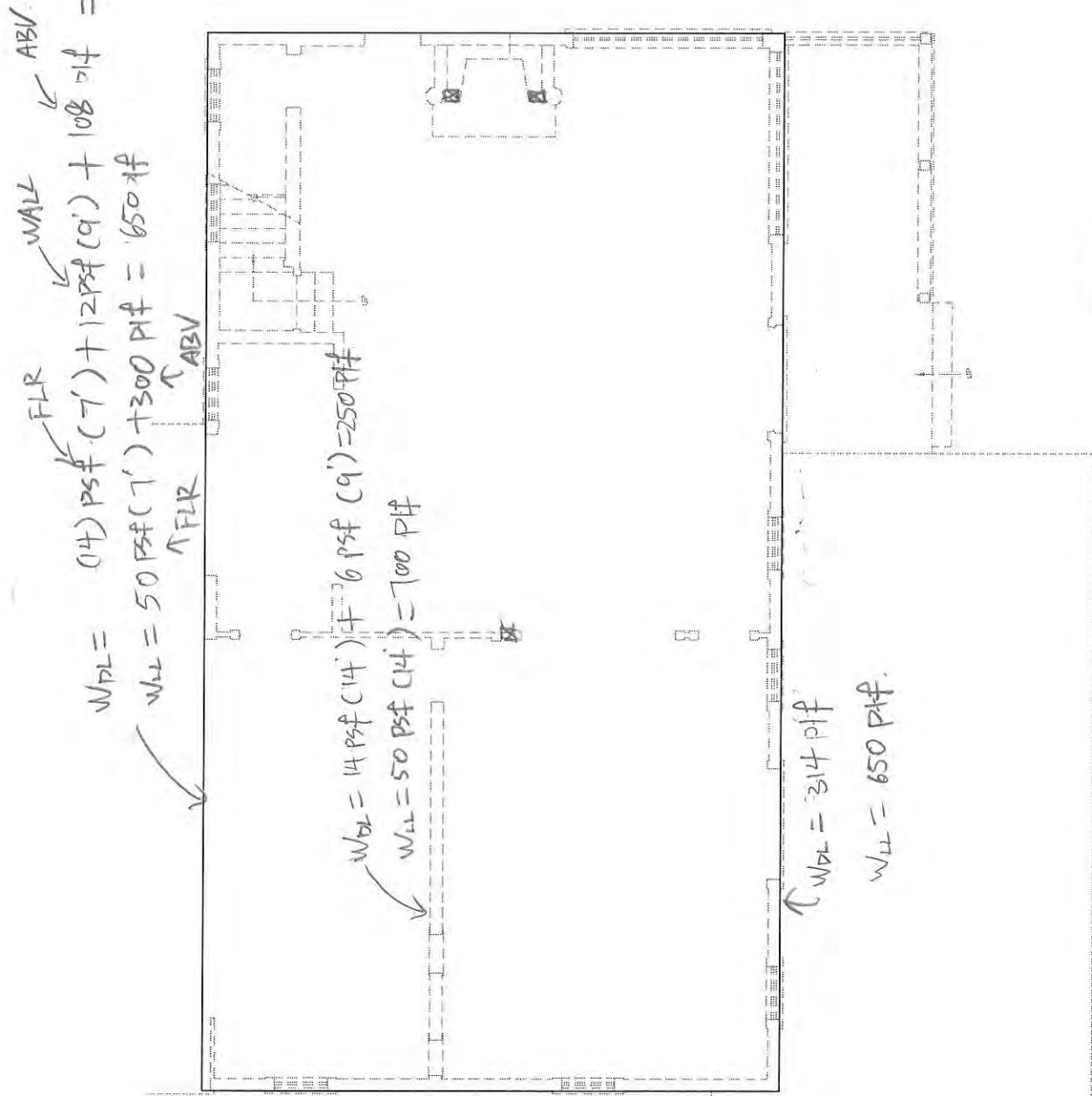
ROOF FRAMING PLAN

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

A

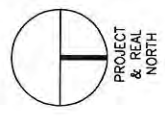
3.2/17

$W_{DL} = (14) \text{ psf} (7') + 12 \text{ psf} (9') + 108 \text{ pif} = 314 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 50 \text{ psf} (7') + 300 \text{ pif} = 650 \text{ pif}$



$W_{DL} = 14 \text{ psf} (14') + 6 \text{ psf} (9') = 250 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 50 \text{ psf} (14') = 700 \text{ pif}$

$W_{DL} = 314 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 650 \text{ pif}$



SECOND FLOOR FRAMING PLAN

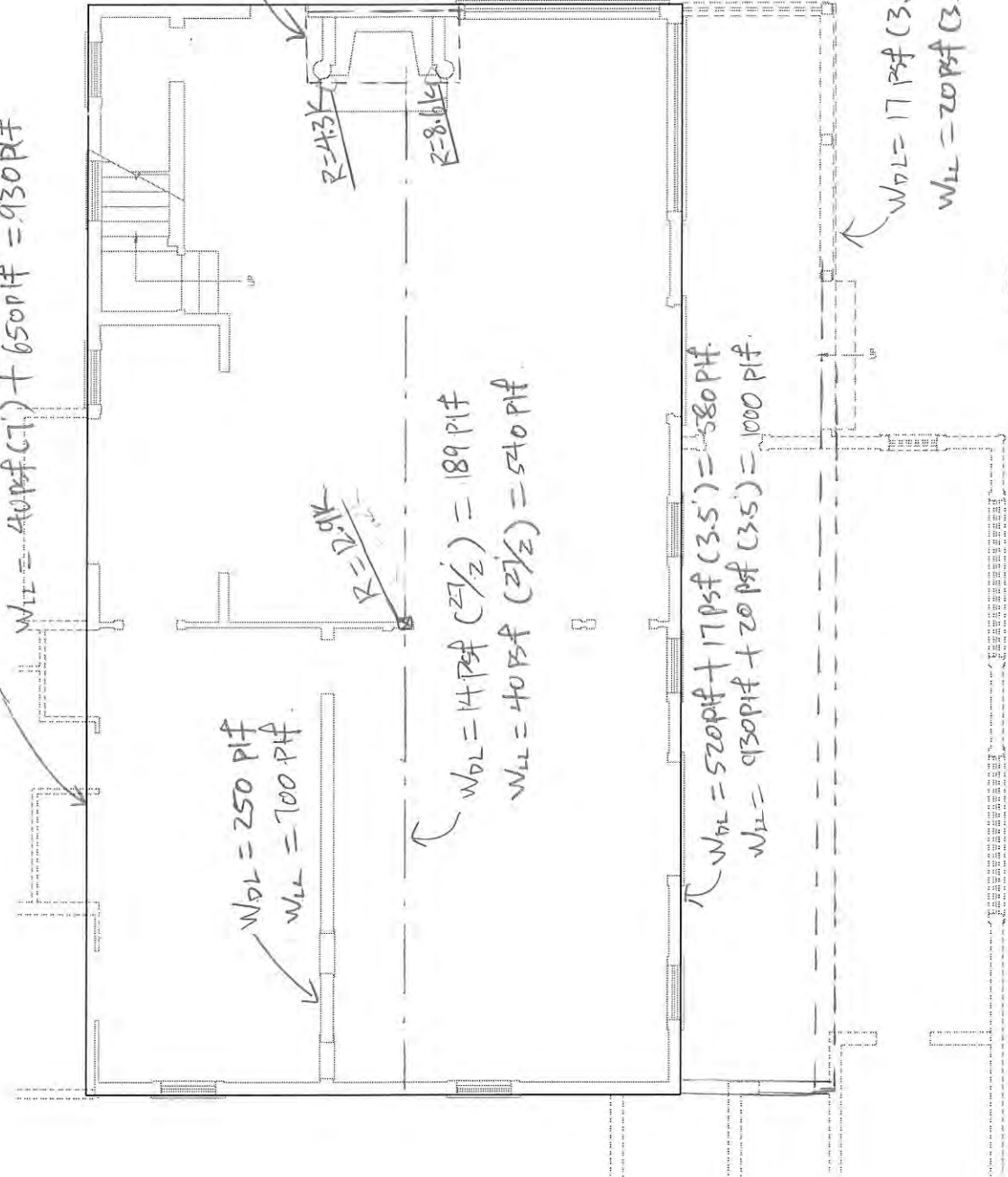
A

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

3.3/17

$W_{DL} = 14 \text{ psf}(7') + 12 \text{ psf}(9') + 314 = 520 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 40 \text{ psf}(7') + 650 \text{ pif} = 930 \text{ pif}$

FIREPLACE:
WT = 21K



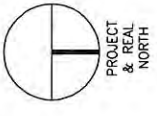
$W_{DL} = 250 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 700 \text{ pif}$

$R = 20.9 \text{ k}$

$W_{DL} = 14 \text{ psf}(27/2) = 189 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 40 \text{ psf}(27/2) = 540 \text{ pif}$

$W_{DL} = 520 \text{ pif} + 17 \text{ psf}(3.5') = 580 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 930 \text{ pif} + 20 \text{ psf}(3.5') = 1000 \text{ pif}$

$W_{DL} = 17 \text{ psf}(3.5') + 14 \text{ psf}(3.5') = 109 \text{ pif}$
 $W_{LL} = 20 \text{ psf}(3.5') + 40 \text{ psf}(3.5') = 210 \text{ pif}$



FOUNDATION/ FIRST FLOOR FRAMING PLAN

A SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

FOUNDATION WT ON GL'S.

GL A.

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (8''/12) (4') (43') = 17.2 \text{ k}$$

GL A4, B, B2, B6, C \Rightarrow SEE GLA

GL 5.

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (8''/12) (5.5') (51') = 28.1 \text{ k}$$

GL 4

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (12''/12) (5') (51') = 38.3 \text{ k}$$

GL 3.

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (12''/12) (4') (24') = 14.4 \text{ k}$$

GL 2.9.

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (12''/12) (4') (20') = 12 \text{ k}$$

GL 2

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (18''/12) (2.5') (51') = 28.6 \text{ k}$$

GL 1

$$WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (10''/12) (3') (51') + 150 \text{ pcf} (10''/12) (6') (51')$$

$$= 34 \text{ k} + 38 \text{ k} = 72 \text{ k}$$

TOTAL FND WT = $17.2 \text{ k} \times 5 + 28.1 \text{ k} + 38.3 \text{ k} + 14.4 \text{ k} + 12 \text{ k} + 28.6 \text{ k} + 72 \text{ k} + 44 + 135 = \underline{\underline{337}}$

CONC SLAB : $WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (7''/12) (50' \times 10') = 44 \text{ k}$

FIREPLACE : $WT = 150 \text{ pcf} (4' \times 7.5' \times 3') = 13.5 \text{ k}$

TOTAL WEIGHT ON GL'S.

(SEE PREVIOUS PAGE)
(FOR LOADING INFO)

GL A & C

WALL DL
 $WT = 17.2k + 12 \text{ psf } (20') (34') = 23k$
 (SEE PREVIOUS PAGE)

GL A4, B2, B6

$WT = 17.2k$

GL 1

$WT = 72k$

GL 2

$WT = 28.6k + \overbrace{(520 + 930)}^{\text{CDL+LL, SEE KEY PLAN.}} \text{ psf } (50') = 101.1k$

GL 2.9

$WT = 12k + \overbrace{(250 + 700)}^{\text{DL+LL}} (20') = 31k$

GL 3

$WT = 14.4k + \overbrace{(189 + 540)}^{\text{DL+LL}} \text{ psf } (27') = 34k$

GL 4

$WT = 38.3k + \overbrace{(580 + 1000)}^{\text{DL+LL}} \text{ psf } (50') = 117.3k$

GL 5

$WT = 28.1k + \overbrace{(109 + 210)}^{\text{DL+LL}} \text{ psf } (50') = 44.1k$

FIREPLACE = $13.5k + 21k = 34.5k$

TOTAL WEIGHT = $23 \times 2 + 17.2 \times 3 + 72 + 101k + 31 + 34 + 117.3 + 44.1 + 34.5 + 44k = 575k$

FRictional FORCE = $575k \times 0.4 = 230k$

↑
FROM SOIL REPORT.



Job No.: 08-57

By: HZ

Date: 10/1/08

3.6
17

Name : NAVARRO WIN

Chk:

Date:

W/O SLAB, GRID 1 & ALL GRADE BEAM BTW GL 1 & 2,

TOTAL WEIGHT =

$$= 575k - 72k - 44k - 150 \text{pcf} \left(\frac{8''}{2}\right)(4)(8') \overset{\#}{(5)} = 443k$$

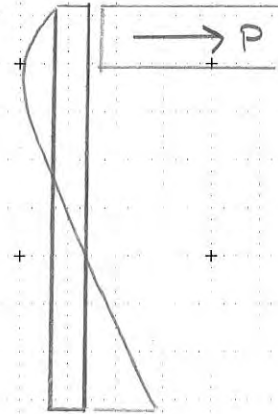
↑ ALL WALL ↑ CONC SLAB

FRictional FORCE = 443k x 0.4 = 177k

PIER DESIGN

OF PIERS
 $P = 177k / 7 = 25k$

- ASSUME FORCES INDUCED BY LATERAL SPREADING & EQUIVALENT FLUID WT FROM RETAINING WALL DO NOT ACT SIMULTANEOUSLY




DETERMINE MOMENT ON PIER DUE TO LATERAL SPREADING

$M = 455 \text{ k-ft} \leftarrow \text{SEE EXCEL SPDSAT}$

SIZE REINF

USE (18) # 10 BARS

SEE COMP PRINTOUT

 FULCRUM STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING	PROJECT: NAVARRO INN	PAGE 3.8 OF 17
	JOB #: 08-37	BY/DATE: JB

Unconstrained Pier:

INPUT:

Pier Dia =	24 in	Dia
Pier Dia Factor =	2	Dia_Fac
Dist of P From Ground Surface, y =	4.00 ft	y
Depth Below Surface to Neglect, Dneg =	2 ft	Dneg
P, unfactored =	25.0 k	P
S1, initial =	0 psf	S1_init
passive, pass =	300 pcf	pass
Over Turning Stability Factor =	1	OT_Fac

REQUIRED DEPTH OF PIER:

b =	Dia*Dia_Fac/12	=	4 ft	b_
h =	y+Dneg	=	6.0 ft	h_
S1 =	S1_init+(dp_var/3)*pass	=	1460 psf	S1_
A =	(2.34*P*OT_Fac*1000)/(S1_*b_)	=	10.02	A_
d, variable =		=	14.6 ft	dp_var
d, calc'd =	(A_/2)*(1+(1+(4.36*h_)/A_)^0.5)	=	14.5 ft	dp_calc

Embedment From Surface =

$$dp_calc + Dneg = \boxed{16.5} \text{ ft}$$

UTIMATE MOMENT IN PIER:

S1 =	S1_init+(dm_var/3)*pass	=	1390 psf	S1_m
A =	(2.34*P*1000)/(S1_m*b_)	=	10.52	A_m
d, variable =		=	13.9 ft	dm_var
d, calc'd =	(A_m/2)*(1+(1+(4.36*y)/A_m)^0.5)	=	13.8 ft	dm_calc
Mn, @ 0.34*d =	P*(h_+dm_calc*0.34)	=	267.6 kip-ft	Mn
Mu =	1.7*Mn	=	454.9 kip-ft	Mu

Title :
Dsgnr:
Description :

Job #
Date: 6:12PM, 28 JUL 09

3.9/17

Scope :

Rev: 580002
User: KVV-0606676, Ver 5.8.0, 1-Dec-2003
(c)1983-2003 ENERCALC Engineering Software

Circular Concrete Column

Page 1
08-37.ecw:Calculations

Description PIER AT RETAINING WALL

General Information

Code Ref: ACI 318-02, 1997 UBC, 2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000

Diameter	24.000 in	fc	2,500.0psi	Total Height	15.000 ft
Number of Bars	18	Fy	60,000.0 psi	Unbraced Length	0.000 ft
Bar Size	10	Seismic Zone	4	Eff. Length Factor	1.000
Total Rebar Area	22.860 in ²	LL & ST Loads Act Separate		Column is BRACED	
Rebar Percent	5.053 %	Spiral Ties Used			
Bar Cover	2.500 in				

Loads

Note: Load factoring supports 2003 IBC and 2003 NFPA 5000 by virtue of their references to ACI 318-02 for concrete design.
Factoring of entered loads to ultimate loads within this program is according to ACI 318-02 C.2

	<u>Dead Load</u>	<u>Live Load</u>	<u>Short Term</u>	<u>Eccentricity</u>
Axial Loads	1.000 k	1.000 k	k	in
Applied Moments...				
@ Top	k-ft	455.000 k-ft	k-ft	
@ Bottom	k-ft	k-ft	k-ft	

Summary

Column is OK

Column Diameter= 24.00in, with 18 #10 Bars

	<u>ACI C-1</u>	<u>ACI C-2</u>	<u>ACI C-3</u>
Applied Pu : Max Factored	3.10 k	1.40 k	0.90 k
Allowable Pn * Phi @ Design Ecc.	3.22 k	1,336.11 k	1,336.11 k
M-critical	773.50 k-ft	0.15 k-ft	0.10 k-ft
Combined Eccentricity	###.#### in	1.3200 in	1.3200 in
Magnification Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00
Design Eccentricity	###.#### in	1.3200 in	1.3200 in
Magnified Design Moment	773.50 k-ft	0.15 k-ft	0.10 k-ft
Po * 0.85	1,941.70 k	1,941.70 k	1,941.70 k
P : Balanced	481.52 k	481.52 k	481.52 k
Ecc : Balanced	18.8202 in	18.8202 in	18.8202 in

Slenderness per ACI 318-02 Section 10.12 & 10.13

Actual k Lu / r	Elastic Modulus	Beta
0.000	2,850.0 ksi	0.850
	<u>ACI Eq. C-1</u>	<u>ACI Eq. C-2</u>
Neutral Axis Distance	9.4920 in	27.2820 in
Phi	0.8956	0.7000
Max Limit kl/r	34.0000	34.0000
Beta = M:sustained/M:max	0.4516	1.0000
Cm	1.0000	1.0000
EI / 1000	0.00	0.00
Pc : pi ² EI / (k Lu) ²	0.00	0.00
alpha: MaxPu / (.75 Pc)	0.0000	0.0000
Delta	1.0000	1.0000
Ecc: Ecc Loads + Moments	###.####	1.3200
Design Ecc = Ecc * Delta	0.0000	0.0000
	<u>ACI Eq. C-3</u>	
		27.2820 in
		0.7000
		34.0000
		1.0000
		1.0000
		0.00
		0.00
		0.0000
		1.0000
		1.3200 in
		0.0000 in

ACI Factors (per ACI 318-02, applied internally to entered loads)

ACI C-1 & C-2 DL	1.400	ACI C-2 Group Factor	0.750	Add'l "1.4" Factor for Seismic	1.400
ACI C-1 & C-2 LL	1.700	ACI C-3 Dead Load Factor	0.900	Add'l "0.9" Factor for Seismic	0.900
ACI C-1 & C-2 ST	1.700	ACI C-3 Short Term Factor	1.300		
...seismic = ST * :	1.100				

Spiral Tie Requirements per 97 UBC 1910.9.3

Spiral Tie Bar Size #	3	Min. Spiral Reinforcement Ratio	0.011
Gross Area of Column	452.39 in ²	Max Spiral Tie Spacing	2.074 in
Core Area Within Spirals	283.53 in ²		

RETAINING WALL

DESIGN RETAINING WALL STEM
ASSUMING AT LEAST 2:1 SLOPE
INCLINATION

EQUIVALENT FLUID WT = SS_{pct} ← TABLE 1
OF SOILS
REPORT

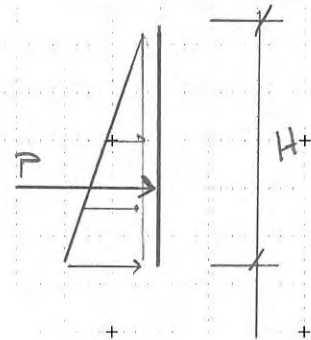
$H = 7' \text{ MAX}$

$P = SS_{pct} (7^2/2) = 1350 \#$

$F = 1350 \times 1.6 = 2156 \#$

$M = 1350 \# \times 7/3 = 3150 \#-1$

$= 3150 \times 1.6 = 5040 \#-1$



SAY 10" STEM

$A_s = \frac{5.04}{4 \times 7} = 0.18 \text{ in}^2$

USE # 4 @ 12" OC

RETAINING WALL

DESIGN AS W/ TORSION

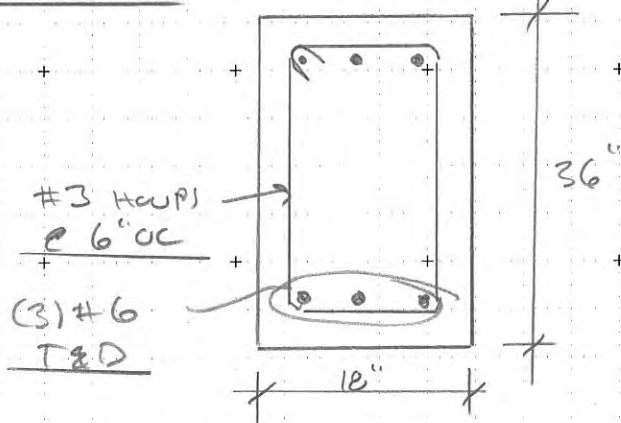
TORSION (UNFACTORED) = $3150^{lb-ft} \times 13' / 2 = 20.5^{k-ft}$

$20.5^{k-ft} \times 1.6 = 32.8^{k-ft}$

← LARGEST SPAN

$V_u = 150^{pcf} (10' / 2) (7') (10') = 8.8^{k}$

DRAW SECTION



SEE EXCEL SHEET

3.12/17

CONCRETE TORSION

LOCATION: TORSION BEAM AT RETAINING WALL

Basic Input

b =	18 in	b	
Side Cover =	2 in	Cov_side	
h =	36 in	h	
Top Cover =	1.5 in	Cov_top	
Bot cover =	3 in	Cov_bot	
Slab to Right Thk =	0 in	Slab_thk_r	
Slab to Left Thk =	0 in	Slab_thk_l	
Mu =	ft-kips	Mu	
Vu =	8.8 kips	Vu	
Equil Tu =	32.8 ft-kips	Tu_equil	
Theta =	45 deg	Theta	
Phi, torsion =	0.85	Phi_t	
Phi, shear =	0.85	Phi_v	
Phi, bend =	0.9	Phi_b	
fc =	3,000 psi	fc	
fy =	60,000 psi	fy	
fyv =	40,000 psi	fyv	

"d"

Trial longit bar size =	6	long_bar_trial	
Trial Stirrup bar size =	3	stir_trial	
d from top =	$h - Cov_bot - stir_trial/8 - long_bar_trial/8 =$		31.875 in d_top
d from bot =	$h - Cov_top - stir_trial/8 - long_bar_trial/8 =$		33.375 in d_bot
min d =	$MIN(d_top, d_bot) =$		31.875 in d_min

Neglect Torsion?

Slab Overhang Projection to Right =	0 in	Fing_r	
Slab Overhang Projection to Left =	0	Fing_l	
Acp =	$b * h =$	$b * h + Slab_thk_r * Fing_r + Slab_thk_l * Fing_l =$	648 in ² Acp
Pcp =	$2 * (b + h) =$	$2 * (b + h) + 2 * Fing_r + 2 * Fing_l =$	108 in Pcp
Threshold Torsion =	$Phi_t * (fc^{0.5}) * ((Acp^2) / Pcp) * (1 / (1000 * 12)) =$		15.08 ft-kips Threshld_T
thus:	Consider Torsion		
	IF(Tu_equil < Threshld_T, "Neglect Torsion", "Consider Torsion")		

Compatibility Torsion?

Compatibility Torsion =	$4 * Threshld_T =$	60.3 ft-kips	Tu_comp_calc
Design Torsion =	IF(Compatibility="y", MIN(Tu_equil, Tu_comp_calc), Tu_equil) =	32.8 ft-kips	Tu

Is the Section Big Enough to Resist the Torsion?

Aoh =	$(b - 2 * Cov_side - stir_trial/8) * (h - Cov_top - Cov_bot - stir_trial/8) =$	424 in ²	Aoh
ph =	$2 * ((b - 2 * Cov_side - stir_trial/8) + (h - Cov_top - Cov_bot - stir_trial/8)) =$	90 in	ph
ACI Eqn 11-18: Shear & Torsion Interaction:	$Vu * 1000 / (b * d_min) =$	15 psi	Vu_strs
	$(Tu * 12 * 1000 * ph) / (1.7 * Aoh^2) =$	115 psi	Tu_strs
	$(Vu_strs^2 + Tu_strs^2)^{0.5} =$	116 psi	Vu_Tu_Int
Stress Lim =	$Phi_t * (2 * fc^{0.5} + 8 * fc^{0.5}) =$	466 psi	Strs_Lim
thus:	O.K - Section Large Enough.		
	IF(Vu_Tu_Int <= Strs_Lim, "O.K - Section Large Enough.", "N.G. - Increase Section")		

3.13/17

Compute the Stirrup Area Required for Shear

$V_c = 2*fc*0.5*b*d_{min}/1000 = 62.9 \text{ kips}$ V_c
 $V_s = IF((V_u/\Phi_v) >= V_c, V_u/\Phi_v - V_c, 0) = 0.0 \text{ kips}$ V_s
 $Av/s = V_s*1000/(f_yv*d_{min}) = 0.000$ Av_{per_s}

Compute the Stirrup Area Required for Torsion

$T_n = T_u*12*1000/\Phi_t = 463,059 \text{ in-lb}$ T_n
 $A_o = 0.85*A_{oh} = 360 \text{ in}^2$ A_o
 $Cot(\Theta) = 1/TAN(\Theta*PI()/180) = 1.00$ Cot_{Theta}
 $At/s = T_n*(Cot_{Theta})/(2*A_o*f_yv) = 0.016$ At_{per_s}

Add the Stirrup Areas and Select SIRRUPS

$Av+t/s = Av_{per_s} + 2*At_{per_s} = 0.0321$ Av_{per_s}
 $Min \text{ Stirrups } Av+t/s = 50*b/f_yv = 0.0225$ $min_{Av_{per_s}}$
 $thus, Av+t/s \text{ for design} = MAX(Av_{per_s}, min_{Av_{per_s}}) = 0.0321$ $design_{Av_{per_s}}$

Stirrups: Bar # = 3 Stir_Bar
 No Legs = 2 No_Legs $Av+t = No_Legs*((Stir_Bar/8)^2*PI()/4) = 0.22 \text{ in}^2$ Av_t
 $s <= Av_t/design_{Av_{per_s}} = 6.9 \text{ in}$ s_{reqd}
 min s: $ph/8 = 12 \text{ in}$
 $ph/8 = 11.1875 \text{ in}$ ph_{ovr_8}
 $s \text{ max} = MIN(s_{reqd}, ph_{ovr_8}) = 6.9 \text{ in}$ s_{max}
 select s = 6 in s OK
 thus: No.3 Closed Stirrups @ 6 in oc

Design Longitudinal Reinforcement for Torsion

$Al = At_{per_s}*ph*(f_yv/f_y)*Cot_{Theta}^2 = 0.96 \text{ in}^2$ Al_{calc}
 $Al, \text{ min} = 5*fc*0.5*A_{cp}/f_y - (((Stir_Bar/8)^2*PI()/4)/s)*ph*(f_yv/f_y) = 1.86 \text{ in}^2$ Al_{min}
 $thus, Al = MAX(Al_{calc}, Al_{min}) = 1.86 \text{ in}^2$ Al
 $Area \text{ of steel around perimeter} = Al/(ph) = 0.021 \text{ in}^2/in$ Al_{perim}
 $Max \text{ spacing of Longitudinal Bars at Sides} = 12 \text{ in}$ Max_Long_Spcg
 Min Longit Bar diameter:
 $Min \text{ Area of Longit Bar} = Max_Long_Spcg*Al_{perim} = 0.249 \text{ in}^2$ Al_{area}
 $Min \text{ Longit Bar Dia} = ((4*Al_{area})/PI())^{0.5} = 0.56 \text{ in}$ $Al_Long_Bar_Dia_Calcd$
 $s/24 = 0.250 \text{ in}$ $Min_Long_Bar_Dia_Calc$
 $Min \text{ Bar Dia} = MAX(0.375, Al_Long_Bar_Dia_Calcd, Min_Long_Bar_Dia_Calc) = 0.56 \text{ in}$
 Select Size of Side Bars = # 5 Bar Side_Bar_Dia
 $Selected \text{ Side Bar Diameter} = Side_Bar_Dia/8 = 0.625$
 O.K.
 $Area \text{ of Steel to Add to Top and Bot Reinf} = Al_{perim}*(b-2*Cov_{side} + 12) = 0.54 \text{ in}^2$ $Add_Torsion_Reinf$
 Provide min (1) bar at corners
 $Number \text{ of Top and Bot Reinf Used: } (3) \# 6 = 1.33 \text{ in}^2$ $Bend_Reinf$
 $Effective \text{ Bending Reinf} = Bend_Reinf - Add_Torsion_Reinf = 0.785 \text{ in}^2$ Eff_Bend_Reinf
 $Effective \text{ Moment Capacity, } \Phi*M_n = Eff_Bend_Reinf * 4 * d_{min} = 100.1 \text{ ft kips}$

GRADE BEAMS

DESIGN N/S SPANING GB @ REAR

$$DL = 150 \text{ pcf} (7/12)(14') + 150 \text{ pcf} (12/12)(3') \\ = 1.7 \text{ k/ft} \times 1.2 = 2 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$LL = 40 \text{ pcf} (14') = 560 \text{ #/ft} \times 1.6 = 0.9 \text{ k/ft}$$

- ASSUME TORQUE DUE TO RETAINING WALL & TORSION DM IS TRANSFERRED ENTIRELY INTO GB

$$M = 32.8 \text{ k-ft (FACTORED)}$$

$$M_{MAX} = 61.8 \text{ k-ft} \leftarrow \text{SEE COMP RESULT}$$

$$V_{MAX} = 18.9 \text{ k} \leftarrow \text{ " " " "}$$

SIZE REINF

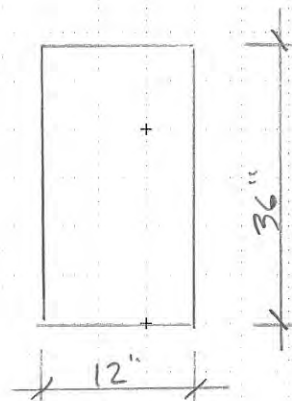
$$A_s = \frac{61.8}{4 \times 30} = 0.515 \text{ in}^2$$

USE (2) #6 BARS, T&B

CHK SHEAR REINF

$$\phi V_n / 2 = 0.75 + \sqrt{2500} \times 12 \times 30 \\ = 13.5 \text{ k} < 18.9 \text{ k} \quad \text{OK SHEAR REQD}$$

USE #3 CLOSED HOOPS @ 12" OC



3.15/17

Title :
Dsgnr:
Description :

Job #
Date: 6:49PM, 28 JUL 09

Scope :

Rev: 580002
User: KVV-0606676_Ver 5.8.0, 1-Dec-2003
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Single Span Beam Analysis

Page 1
08-37.ecw:Calculations

Description N/S GRADE BEAM AT REAR OF BLDG

General Information

Center Span	11.00 ft	Moment of Inertia	1,000.000 in4
Left Cantilever	ft	Elastic Modulus	29,000 ksi
Right Cantilever	ft	Beam End Fixity	Pin-Pin

Uniform Loads

On Center Span...		On Left Cantilever...		On Right Cantilever...	
# 1	2.000 k/ft	# 1	k/ft	# 1	k/ft
# 2	0.900 k/ft	# 2	k/ft	# 2	k/ft

Moments

Magnitude	32.80 k-ft	k-ft	k-ft	k-ft
Location	11.000 ft	ft	ft	ft

Query Values

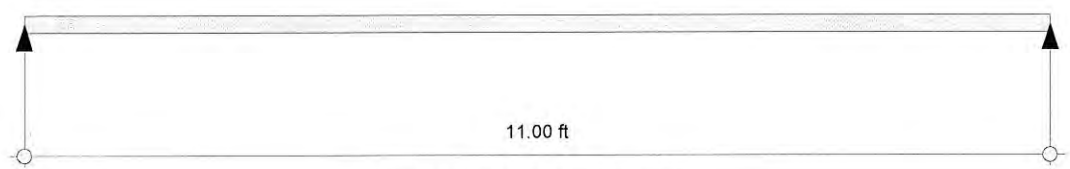
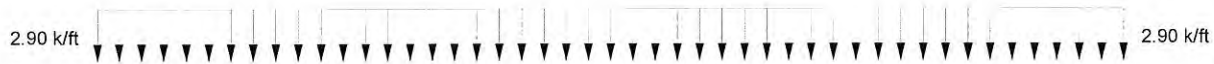
Center Location	0.000 ft	Left Cant	0.000 ft	Right Cant	0.000 ft
Moment	0.00 k-ft		0.00 k-ft		0.00 k-ft
Shear	18.93 k		0.00 k		0.00 k
Deflection	0.00000 in		0.00000 in		0.00000 in

Summary

Moments...				Shears...				Reactions...			
Max + @ Center	61.80 k-ft	at	6.53 ft	@ Left	18.93 k	@ Left	18.93 k	@ Right	12.97 k	@ Right	12.97 k
Max - @ Center	0.00 k-ft	at	0.00 ft	@ Right	12.97 k						
@ Left Cant	0.00 k-ft			Maximum	18.93 k						
@ Right Cant	0.00 k-ft										
Maximum =	61.80 k-ft			Deflections...							
				@ Center	-0.048 in	at	5.75 ft				
				@ Left Cant.	0.000 in	at	0.00 ft				
				@ Right Cant	0.000 in	at	0.00 ft				

3.16/17

32.80 k-ft



$M_{max} = 61.79 \text{ k-ft at } 6.52 \text{ ft from left}$
 $D_{max} = -0.0478 \text{ in at } 5.75 \text{ ft from left}$

$R_l = 18.931 \text{ k}$
 $V_{max} @ \text{ left} = 18.931 \text{ k}$

$R_r = 12.968 \text{ k}$
 $V_{max} @ \text{ rt} = 12.968 \text{ k}$

3.17/17

